



# Specifications for LCD module

Customer	
Customer part no.	
Ampire part no.	AM-800480NETZQW-T02H
Approved by	
Date	

Preliminary Specification
 Formal Specification

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\*This specification is subject to change without notice.

# **RECORD OF REVISION**

Revision Date	Page	Contents	Editor
2021/08/02	-	New Release	Tank

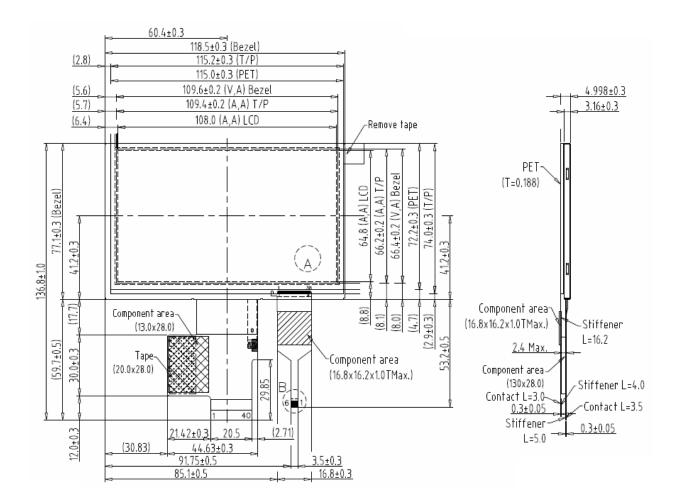
## 1. Features

5 inch Amorphous-TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module. This module is composed of a 5" TFT-LCD panel and backlight unit.

- (1) Construction: 5" a-Si TFT active matrix and White LED Backlight.
- (2) Resolution (pixel): 800(R.G.B) X 480
- (3) Number of the Colors : 16.7M colors (R, G, B, 8bit digital each)
- (4) LCD type : IPS : Transmissive , normally Black
- (5) Viewing Direction: All Direction.
- (6) LCD Interface : 24 Bit TTL RGB interface
- (7) Power Supply Voltage: 3.3V single power input. Built-in power supply circuit.
- (8) Touch panel
  - ♦ IC: ST1633i
  - ♦ Interface: I2C
  - ♦ PET Thickness: 0.188mm

# 2. Physical Specifications

NO	ltem	Specification	Remark
1	LCD Size	5.0 inch (Diagonal)	
2	Driver element	a-Si TFT active matrix	
3	Resolution 800 x 3 (RGB) x 480		
4	Display Mode	Normally Black. Transmissive	
5	Dot pitch	0.135(W) x 0.135(H) mm	
6	Color arrangement	RGB-stripe	
7	Luminance	<b>425</b> (typ.)	cd/m <sup>2</sup>



## 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following values are maximum operation conditions. If exceeded, it may cause faulty operation or damage

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power voltage	VDD	GND=0	-0.3	4.0	V	
Input voltage	VIN		-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	Note(1)

## 3.1 Electrical Absolute max. ratings

Note(1) Hsync, Vsync, DE, PCLK, DISP, R0~R7, G0~G7, B0~B7, LEFT/RGIHT, UP/DOWN.

## 3.2 Environmental Absolute max. Ratings

ltem	Operating		Storage		Remark
nem	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Remark
Temperature	-20	70	-30	80	Note(2),(3),(4),(5),(6),(7)
Humidity	Note(1)		Not	e(1)	
Corrosive Gas	Not Acceptable		Not Acc	eptable	

Note(1) Ambient temperature Ta <=  $40^{\circ}$ C : 85% RH max

Ta > 40°C: Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at 40  $^{\circ}$ C

- Note(2) For storage condition Ta at -30 $^\circ$ C < 240h , at 80 $^\circ$ C < 240h For operating condition Ta at -20 $^\circ$ C < 240h , at 70 $^\circ$ C < 240h
- Note(3) Background color changes slightly depending on ambient temperature. This phenomenon is reversible.
- Note(4) The response time will be slower at low temperature.

Note(5) Only operation is guaranteed at operating temperature. Contrast, response time, another display quality are evaluated at +25 $^{\circ}$ C

- Note(6) When LCM panel is operated over 60°C (center of the panel surface temperature), the IAK of the LED back-light should be adjusted to 105mA
- Note(7) This is center of the panel surface temperature, not ambient temperature.

# 4. Electrical Characteristics

## 4.1 DC Characteristics

Typical operating conditions (GND=0V)

ltem	Item			Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power supply		VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Input Voltage	H Level	VIH	0.7*VDD		VDD	V	Noto(1)
for logic	L Level	VIL	0		0.3*VDD	V	Note(1)
Power Supply current		IDD		TBD		mA	Note(2)

Note(1) Hsync, Vsync, DE, PCLK, DISP, R0~R7, G0~G7, B0~B7, LEFT/RGIHT, UP/DOWN.

Note(2) TFT power supply current.

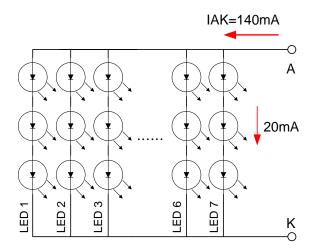
Note(3) VDD=3.3V, fv =60Hz, Ta=25°C, Display pattern: All White

			5			
Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
LED Forward Voltage	VAK	8.4	9.0	10.2	V	IAK=140mA, Ta=25℃
LED Forward Current	IAK		140		mA	<b>Ta=25</b> ℃
LED life time			30k	-	Hrs.	IAK=140mA, Ta=25℃

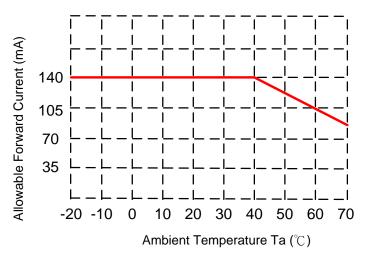
4.2 Electrical characteristic of LED Back-light

Note(1) Ta means ambient temperature of TFT-LCD module.

- Note(2) If the module is driven by high current or at high ambient temperature & humidity condition. The operating life will be reduced.
- Note(3) The constant current source is needed for LED back-light driving.
- Note(4) Operating life means brightness goes down to 50% minimum brightness. LED life time is estimated data. Ta= $25^{\circ}$ C
- Note(5) The structure of LED B/L shows as below.



Note(6) When LCM is operated over  $60^{\circ}$ C ambient temperature, the IAK of the LED backlight should be adjusted to 105mA max



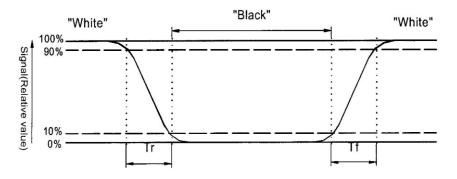
Ite	m	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Respons	se Time	Tr + Tf	Θ=0°		30	40	ms ms	Note 1,2,3,5
Contras	st ratio	CR	At optimized viewing angle	800	1000	-		Note 1,2,4,5
Viewing Angle	Top Bottom Left Right		CR≧10	75 75 75 75	85 85 85 85		deg.	Note1,2, 5,6
Bright	ness	YL	IAK=140mA 25℃	340	425	-	cd/ m²	Note 7
Dodebro	un oti oitu	XR			TBD			
Red chro	maticity	YR		7	TBD	Тур.		
Gre	en	XG	Θ=0°		TBD			Note 7 For reference
chroma	aticity	YG			TBD		, Т	only. These data
Blue obre	Blue chromaticity		Θ=0°	-0.05	TBD	+0.05		should be update
Dide chird	лпанску	ΥB			TBD			according the prototype.
White		XW			0.32			
chroma	aticity	YW			0.37			

# 5. Optical Characteristics of LCD

It's for reference only. These data should be update according the prototype.

- Note(1) Ambient temperature=25°C, and lamp current IAK=105mA. To be measured in the dark room.
- Note(2) To be measured on the center area of panel with a viewing cone of 1°by Topcon luminance meter BM-7,after 10 minutes operation.
- Note(3) Definition of response time:

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from "black" to "white" (falling time) and from "white" to "black" (rising time), respectively. The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% of amplitudes. Refer to figure as below.

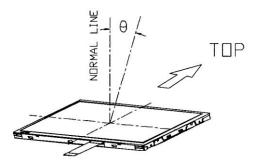


Note(4) Definition of contrast ratio:

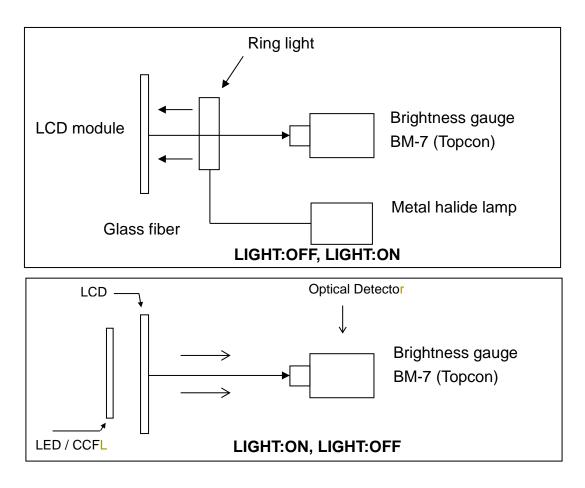
Contrast ratio is calculated with the following formula.

 $Contrast ratio(CR) = \frac{Brightness of All White}{Brightness of All Black}$ 

- Note(5) White V<sub>i</sub>=V<sub>i50</sub>+1.5V Black V<sub>i</sub>=V<sub>i50</sub>+2.0V
  "±"means that the analog input signal swings in phase with V<sub>COM</sub> signal.
  " means that the analog input signal swings out of phase with V<sub>COM</sub> signal.
  V<sub>i50</sub> : The analog input voltage when transmission is 50%. The 100%
  Transmission is defined as the transmission of LCD panel when all the Input terminals of module are electrically opened.
- Note(6) Definition of viewing angle. Refer to figure as below.



Note(7) Measured at the center area of the panel when all the input terminals of LCD panel are electrically opened.



## 6. Interface

Pin no	Symbol	I/O	Description	Remark	
1	LEDK	Р	LED Back-light Cathode		
2	LEDA	Р	LED Back-light Anode		
3	GND	Р	Power GND		
4	VDD	Р	Power supply for the logic (3.3V)		
5	R0	I	Red Data (LSB)		
6	R1	I	Red Data		
7	R2	I	Red Data		
8	R3	I	Red Data		
9	R4	I	Red Data		
10	R5	I	Red Data		
11	R6	I	Red Data		
12	R7	I	Green Data (MSB)		
13	G0	I	Green Data (LSB)		
14	G1	I	Green Data		
15	G2	I	Green Data		
16	G3	I	Green Data		
17	G4	I	Green Data		
18	G5	I	Green Data		
19	G6	I	Green Data		
20	G7	I	Green Data (MSB)		
21	B0	I	Blue Data (LSB)		
22	B1	I	Blue Data		
23	B2	I	Blue Data		
24	B3	I	Blue Data		
25	B4	I	Blue Data		
26	B5	I	Blue Data		
27	B6	I	Blue Data		
28	B7	I	Blue Data (MSB)		
29	GND	Р	Power GND		
30	PCLK		Clock signal. Latching data at the rising edge.		
31	DISP	I	L: Standby mode. H: Normal display mode		
32	HSYNC	I	Horizontal sync input in digital RGB mode		
33	VSYNC	I	Vertical sync input in digital RGB mode.		
34	DE	I	Input data enable control		
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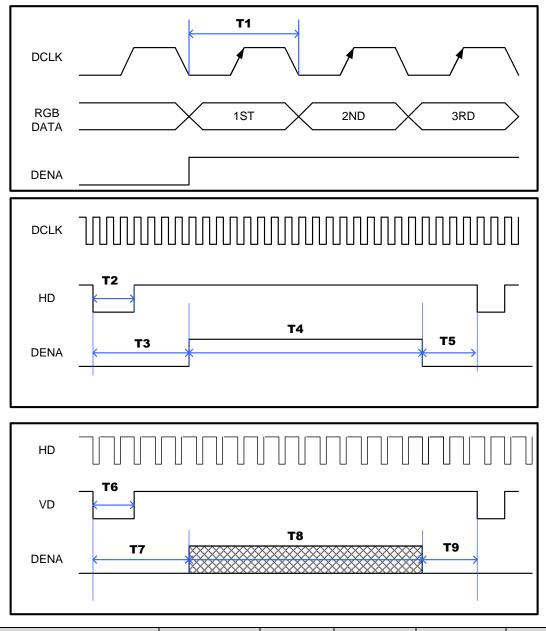
35	NC	-	No connection
36	GND	Ρ	Power GND
37	LEFT/RIGHT	I	L: From right to left H: From left to right
38	UP/DOWN	I	L: From down to left H: From up to down
39	NC		No connection
40	NC		No connection

# Pin definition of TP FPC:

Pin No	Symbol	Function			
1	GND	Ground terminal.			
2	SDA				
3	SCL	I2C Interface			
4	VDD	Power Supply for TP controller			
5	INT	IRQ Terminal			
6	XRES	Terminal of Reset TP controller.			

# 7. LCD Interface Timing

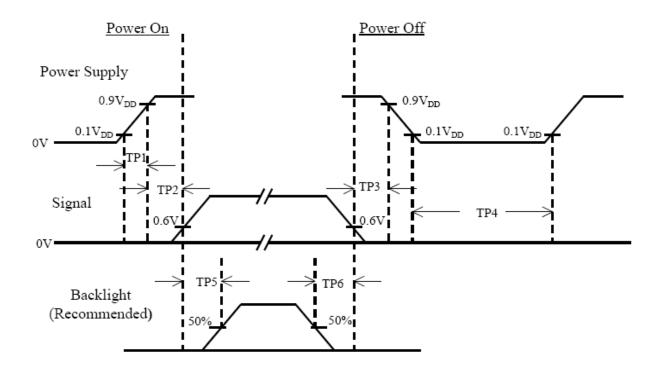
7.1 TTL RGB



Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock Frequency	1/T1	23	25	27	MHz
HSYNC Pulse Wide	T2	2	8	8	clocks
HSYNC Back Porch	Т3	4	8	48	Clocks
HSYNC Front Porch	T5	4	8	48	Clocks
Horizontal Display Period	T4		Clocks		
Horizontal total Period	T3+T4+T5	808	816	896	Clocks
VSYNC Pulse Wide	T6	2	4	8	Lines
VSYNC Back Porch	T7	4	8	12	Lines
VSYNC Front Porch	Т9	4	8	12	Lines
Vertical Display Period	Т8	480			Lines
Vertical total Period	T7+T8+T9	488	496	504	Lines
7.2 Bower On/Off Secure					

7.2 Power On/Off Sequence

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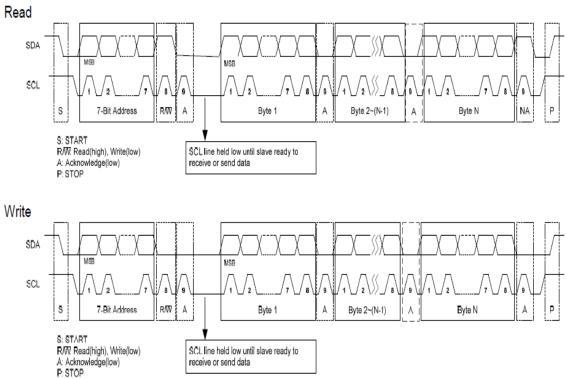


ltem	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
TP1	0.5		10	msec	
TP2	0		50	msec	
TP3	0		50	msec	
TP4	500			msec	
TP5	250			msec	
TP6	100			msec	

- Note(1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of VDD.
- Note(2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back-light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back-light turns off, the display may momentarily become white.
- Note(3) In case of VDD = off level, please keep the level of input signal on the low or keep a high impedance.
- Note(4) TP4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Note(5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

# 8. Touch Panel Electrical Specification

# 8.1 I2C Slave Interface

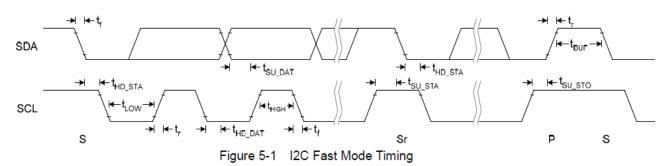


# 8.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

Condition: VDD = IOVDD = 3.3V, T<sub>A</sub> =  $25^{\circ}$ C, unless be specified individually.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
VDD	$V_{VDD}$	2.7	-	3.6	V	
IOVDD	VIOVDD	1.6	-	3.6	V	
Operating Current	I <sub>NML</sub>	-	-	-	mA	
Power Down Current	I <sub>PD</sub>	-	-	20	uA	
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.85*I OVDD	-	-	V	IOVDD=3.3V
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	-	0.15*I OVDD	V	IOVDD=3.3V
Input Pull Up Resistor	<b>R</b> <sub>PU</sub>	50	-	60	KOhm	
Output Driving Current	I <sub>DRV</sub>	30	-	-	mA	V <sub>OH</sub> = IOVDD x 0.8
Output Sinking Current	I <sub>SINK</sub>	80	-	-	mA	$V_{OL} = IOVDD \times 0.2$
Low Voltage Reset	$V_{LVR}$	-	-	2.3	V	

# **8.3 AC Electrical Characteristics**



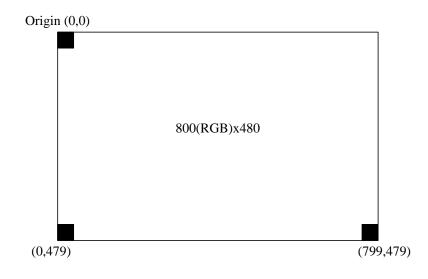
#### Table 5-3 I2C Fast Mode Timing Characteristic

Symbol	Parameter		Unit			
Cymbol	rarameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
f <sub>SCL</sub>	SCL clock frequency	0	-	400	kHz	
t <sub>LOW</sub>	Low period of the SCL clock	1.3	-	-	us	
t <sub>HIGH</sub>	High period of the SCL clock	0.6	-	-	us	
t <sub>f</sub>	Signal falling time	-	-	300	ns	
tr	Signal rising time	-	-	300	ns	
t <sub>su_sta</sub>	Set up time for a repeated START condition	0.6	-	-	us	
t <sub>hd_sta</sub>	Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated	0.6	-	-	us	
t <sub>SU_DAT</sub>	Data set up time	100	-	-	ns	
t <sub>HD_DAT</sub>	Data hold time	0	-	0.9	us	
t <sub>su_sто</sub>	Set up time for STOP condition	0.6	-	-	us	
t <sub>BUF</sub>	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	1.3	-	-	us	
C <sub>b</sub>	Capacitive load for each bus line	-	-	400	pF	

#### Conditions: VDD = 3.3V, GND = 0V, T₄ = 25°C

# 8.4 TP controller register table I2C slave addr. =0x55

Reg. Addr.	Name	Bit7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0x10	Advantaged Touch Info.	Reserved Proximity Flag (RO) Reserved							
0x11	Keys Reg.		Reserve						
0x12	XY0 Coord. (High byte)	Valid		X0_H				Y0_H	
0x13	X0 Coord. (Low byte)				X	)_L			
0x14	Y0 Coord. (Low byte)				Y	)_L			
0x15	-		Reserve						
0x16	XY1 Coord. (High byte)	Valid		X1_H				Y1_H	
0x17	X1 Coord. (Low byte)		X1_L						
0x18	Y1 Coord. (Low byte)		Y1_L						
0x19	-		Reserve						
0x1A~0x20									
0x21	XY4 Coord. (High byte)	Valid		X4_H				Y4_H	
0x22	X4 Coord. (Low byte)	X4_L							
0x23	Y4 Coord. (Low byte)	Y4_L							
0x24	-				Res	serve			



## 9. Reliability Test Items

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
High Temperature Operation	70±3°C, t=240 hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	-20±3°C, t=240 hrs	
High Temperature Storage	80±3°C, t=240 hrs	1,2
Low Temperature Storage	-30±3°C, t=240 hrs	1,2
Storage at High Temperature and Humidity	60°C, 90% RH , 240 hrs	1,2
Thermal Shock Test	-20°C (30min) ~ 70°C (30min) 100 cycles	1,2
Vibration Test (Packing)	Sweep frequency : 10 ~ 55 ~ 10 Hz/1min Amplitude : 0.75mm Test direction : X.Y.Z/3 axis Duration : 30min/each axis	2

Note(1) Condensation of water is not permitted on the module.

- Note(2) The module should be inspired after 1 hour storage in normal conditions  $(15\sim35^{\circ}C, 45\sim65\%$ RH).
- Note(3) The module shouldn't be tested over one condition, and all the tests are independent.
- Note(4) All reliability tests should be done without the protective film.

Definitions of life end point:

- Current drain should be smaller than the specific value.
- Function of the module should be maintained.
- Appearance and display quality should not have degraded noticeably.
- Contrast ratio should be greater than 50% of initial value.

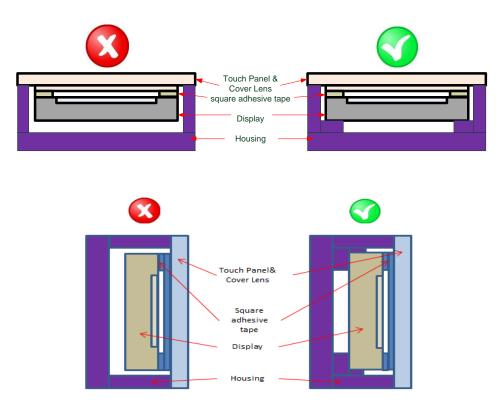
## **10. General Precautions**

## 10.1 Safety

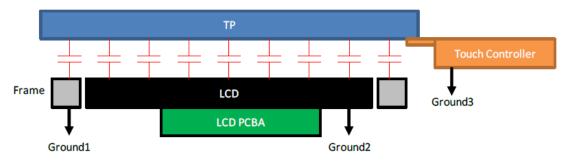
(1) Liquid crystal is poisonous. Do not put it your month. If liquid crystal touches your skin or clothes, wash it off immediately by using soap and water.

## 10.2 Handling

- (1) The LCD panel is plate glass. Do not subject the panel to mechanical shock or to excessive force on its surface.
- (2) The polarizer attached to the display is easily damaged. Please handle it carefully to avoid scratch or other damages.
- (3) To avoid contamination on the display surface, do not touch the module surface with bare hands.
- (4) Keep a space so that the LCD panels do not touch other components.
- (5) Put cover board such as acrylic board on the surface of LCD panel to protect panel from damages.
- (6) Transparent electrodes may be disconnected if you use the LCD panel under environmental conditions where the condensation of dew occurs.
- (7) Do not leave module in direct sunlight to avoid malfunction of the ICs.
- (8) Please hold the LCD module properly when you use or store it.
- (9) The square adhesive tape which is between the touch panel and display can't provide well supporting in the long term and high ambient temperature condition. Whether upright or horizontal position the support holder which is in the back side of the display is needed. Do not let the display floating.



(10) TP needs to work in environment with stable stray capacitance. In order to minimize the variation in stray capacitance, all conductive mechanical parts must not be floating. Intermittent floating any conductive part around the touch sensor may cause significant stray capacitance change and abnormal touch function. It is recommended to keep all conductive parts having same electrical potential as the GND of the touch controller module.



GND1, GND2 and GND3 should be connected together to have the same ground

## **10.3 Static Electricity**

- (1) Be sure to ground module before turning on power or operation module.
- (2) Do not apply voltage which exceeds the absolute maximum rating value.

## 10.4 Storage

- Store the module in a dark room where must keep at +25±10°C and 65%RH or less.
- (2) Do not store the module in surroundings containing organic solvent or corrosive gas.
- (3) Store the module in an anti-electrostatic container or bag.

## 10.5 Cleaning

- (1) Do not wipe the polarizer with dry cloth. It might cause scratch.
- (2) Only use a soft sloth with IPA to wipe the polarizer, other chemicals might permanent damage to the polarizer.

## 10.6 Others

- (1) AMIPRE will provide one year warrantee for all products and three months warrantee for all repairing products.
- (2) Do not keep the LCD at the same display pattern continually. The residual image will happen and it will damage the LCD. Please use screen saver.

# **11. Outline Dimension**

